### Placing Goods on the Market in Great Britain 25.01.2022





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You can use the Q&A function to ask questions or leave comments

We'll be sharing a survey link in the chat and would value your feedback.

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Pre recorded webinars are also available from this page.

GOV.UK/UKCA/Webinars

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#### Aims of this session

- To summarise the key concepts needed to understand placing goods on the market in Great Britain
- Help identify your next steps to continue to place goods on the market in Great Britain

#### What we'll cover

- 1. What is the UKCA marking
- 2. Placing products on the market in Great Britain

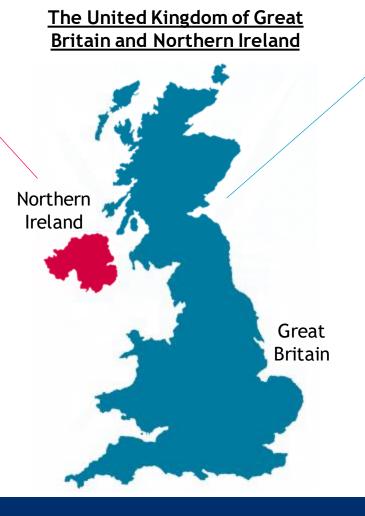


## What marking applies?

# UK CE/CE

For the Northern Ireland market, the CE marking continues to be used for self assessed goods and those goods which are conformity assessed by an EU notified body.

The UKNI plus CE mark is used for goods which are conformity assessed by a UK approved body.



# UK

The UKCA mark will mandatory in Great Britain for goods placed on the market for the first time on and after 1 Jan 2023.

It applies to goods which used the CE and reverse epsilon markings.



UK

## What is covered by the UKCA marking

UK CA

- ✓ Toy safety
- Pyrotechnics
- Recreational craft and personal watercraft
- ✓ Simple pressure vessels
- Electromagnetic compatibility
- Non-automatic weighing instruments
- Measuring instruments
- ✓ Lifts
- ✓ ATEX
- ✓ Radio equipment
- Pressure equipment
- Personal protective

- equipment
- ✓ Gas appliances
- ✓ Machinery
- ✓ Equipment for use outdoors
- ✓ Eco-design
- Aerosols
- Low voltage electrical equipment
- Restriction of hazardous substances

Products covered by the UKCA marking but have some special rules

- Medical devices
- Rail interoperability
- Construction products
- Civil explosives

### **Timeline to implement UKCA Marking**

# UK CA

Present (2021) You Can use UKCA marking \*

#### From 1 Jan. 2023

You must use UKCA marking when placing most manufactured products on GB market\*

#### Until 31 Dec. 2023

You can apply UKCA marking via a sticky label or an accompanying document for most goods.

Until 31 Dec. 2022 You can use CE marking in most cases, whilst preparing to transition to UKCA marking

#### Until 30 June 2023

You can use CE marking on medical devices whilst you prepare to transition to UKCA

#### From 1 Jan. 2024

UKCA marking must be applied directly on to the product unless legislations allows otherwise

# Placing your product on the market



# What is 'placing goods on the market'?

UK CA

An individual manufactured good is placed on the market when it is **first made available** for distribution, consumption or use on the GB market.

Manufacturers and importers are the only 'economic operators' to place goods on the market

• Any other operation, such as supply from distributor to an end-user is defined as **'making available'**.

**Putting into service** takes place the first time a good is used by the end user in GB for its intended purpose.

NI manufactures can continue to place CE marked goods on the GB market after 1 Jan 2023 under the government's commitment to unfettered access to the GB market for NI businesses

# Flacing on the market in Great Britain visualised

Any goods lawfully placed on either EU or UK markets before **31 December 2020**, can continue to circulate between both markets until they reach their end user.

The same product type from the same manufacturer placed on the market for the first time in Great Britain either side of the 1 Jan 2023 will therefore have different rules.

1 Jan

2023

# 

A printer placed on market in GB for the first time **before** 1 Jan 2023:

- CE or UKCA marking can be used.
- Any individual CE marked good placed on the market in GB before 1 Jan 2023 can continue to circulate to its end user after that date.

A printer placed on market in GB for the first time on or after 1 Jan 2023:

- The UKCA marking must be used.
- The UKCA marking can be attached via a label or accompanying documents until 1 Jan 2024.
  - The CE marking is not valid for the GB market though it can be present alongside the UKCA for other markets.



Business, Energy

& Industrial Strategy

#### UK CA



Some regulations also refer to the term 'putting into service', this is different from the placing on the market definition as set out below:

'Putting into service' takes place the first time a good is used in GB by the end user for its intended purpose. If legislation uses both terms, i.e. 'placing on the market' and 'putting into service', then the UKCA marking requirements must be met before the first of these two happens.

The timeline below outlines where this sits in a goods journey to the end user.





- Manufacturers need to check whether components require individual marking before it is placed on the market in GB after 31 December 2022.
- If a GB importer brings components for assembly into a final good and marketed under their own name, the importer assumes the responsibilities of a manufacturer.
- For machinery, only completed machinery will need to be UKCA marked when placed on the market or put to service.



When placing a product on the GB market after 31 Dec. 2022:

A radio fitted in a vehicle would require the UKCA marking will need to bear the UKCA marking if the vehicle (and therefore the radio) is placed on the GB market after 31 December 2022.



Prototypes not yet made available for distribution, consumption or use on the GB market do not require UKCA marking.

The prototype must be **ONLY** displayed or operated under controlled conditions.

- Goods undergoing testing do not require UKCA marking.
- Fully manufactured goods need to meet the UK requirements as they apply in GB.

#### Example

A prototype mobile phone supplied to a group of GB consumers for testing would require UKCA marking

A prototype mobile phone used only for demonstration would not require UKCA marking





The loan, hire, or leasing of a good is a transfer of possession or property rights concerning the good after the stage of manufacture is complete.

Goods which are loaned, hired, or leased will require UKCA marking if they are being placed on the GB market for the first time after 31 Dec. 2022.

The repeated leasing and hiring of a good is defined as further 'making available' and therefore does not require re-marking

#### Example

A piece of equipment originating from a country outside the UK, that is hired by a GB customer before 31 December 2022, can be shipped back to the supplier and rehired later without the equipment needing to bear the UKCA marking



## **complying with market surveillance**



The UK's responsibilities for market surveillance continues to be fulfilled by the UK's Market Surveillance Authorities (MSAs) working in co-operation with HMRC and Border Force.



There have been no changes to market surveillance policy and market surveillance.



A new UK specific market surveillance database has been created for monitoring and enforcement.



Coordinating and reporting functions have been transferred from the EU Commission to our Secretary of State.

## Next steps



### **Key Messages**



- Check the specific legislation that applies to your product.
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- Have a clear understanding of placing a good on the market in GB.



Ensure those in your supply chain understand their obligations under the new regime and whether they have additional duties



Ensure you are ready to use the UKCA marking as soon as possible and speak to a testing body if needed

To understand the route to conformity assessment for your goods as well as other specific requirements will need to check industry guidance.

**F**inding and understanding regulations

Guidance is available on GOV.UK in an A-Z of industry guidance from the Office for Product Safety and Standards.

GOV.UK has sets of regulations for each product type for the GB market and for NI market.

Product regulations note whether you can self-declare for your good, how to place the marking and any specific requirements









## More help

www.gov.uk/ukca

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